Report of the Kew Committee for the Year ending December 31, 1892.

The operations of The Kew Observatory, in the Old Deer Park, Richmond, Surrey, are controlled by the Kew Committee, which is constituted as follows:

Mr. F. Galton, Chairman.

Captain W. de W. Abney, C.B., R.E.

Prof. W. G. Adams.

Captain E. W. Creak, R.N.

Prof. G. C. Foster.

Admiral Sir G. H. Richards, K.C.B.

The Earl of Rosse, K.P.

Prof. A. W. Rücker.

Mr. R. H. Scott.

Lieutenant-General R. Strachey, C.S.I.

General J. T. Walker, C.B.

Captain W. J. L. Wharton, R.N.

The serious illness of Mr. Whipple has prevented his performing the duties of Superintendent during the last half-year. During this period the work of the Observatory was very satisfactorily carried out by Mr. Baker, the Chief Assistant, and the Committee are of opinion that his services should be specially recorded, and they are glad to state that the routine work of the Observatory has in no way suffered in these circumstances.

The work at the Observatory may be considered under the following heads:—

1st. Magnetic observations.

2nd. Meteorological observations.

3rd. Solar observations.

4th. Experimental, in connexion with any of the above departments.

5th. Verification of instruments.

6th. Rating of Watches and Marine Chronometers.

7th. Miscellaneous.

I. MAGNETIC OBSERVATIONS.

There have been no changes introduced in the magnetographs during the past year, but during the erection of the additional story to the west wing of the Observatory the self-recording instruments were at times disturbed by the building operations. Fortunately the indications of the instruments were seriously affected by these causes on one of the "quiet days" only, and that day has been omitted in calculating the monthly mean.

The building in which the absolute observations are made is sufficiently remote (about 100 yards) from the main building to be quite unaffected by these sources of magnetic disturbance.

The photographed magnetic curves representing Declination, Horizontal Force, and Vertical Force variations have been secured uninterruptedly throughout the year, and, as usual, the scale values of all the instruments were determined in January last.

The following values of the ordinates of the different photographic curves were then found:—

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Declinometer: 1 inch = 0° 22′·04. 1 cm. = 0° 8′·7. Bifilar, January 5, 1892, for 1 inch \delta H = 0.0280 foot grain unit. ,, 1 cm. ,, = 0.00050 C.G.S. unit. Balance, January 7, 1892, for 1 inch \delta V = 0.0287 foot grain unit. ,, 1 cm. ,, = 0.00052 C.G.S. unit.
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In the case of the Vertical Force magnetometer, it was found necessary to readjust the instrument; at the same time its sensibility was slightly altered, after which the scale value was again determined with the following result:—

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Balance, January 15, 1892, for 1 inch \delta V = 0.0277 foot grain unit.
,, 1 cm. ,, = 0.00050 C.G.S. unit.
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The distance between the dots of light upon the Horizontal Force cylinder having become too large for satisfactory registration, the trace dot was brought nearer to the zero dot on August 6.

The principal magnetic disturbances were recorded on the following dates, viz.:—February 13—14, March 6 and 12, April 26, May 18, July 16—17, and August 12.

The most marked disturbance, however, was that which commenced on February 13 at 5.34 A.M., and lasted until the afternoon of the 14th.

The oscillations were of a more extended and violent character than any which have been recorded during the last ten years.

From the insufficient range of the scale, the magnetometers did not record the complete extent of the vibrations to which the needles were subjected, nor could the entire change of force be secured in the field of the instrument.

The limits, however, clearly recorded, were 1° 40′ of declination, from 0·1755 to 0·1835 of horizontal force, and from 0·4350 to 0·4425 units of vertical force expressed in C.G.S. measure in absolute force.

The following table exhibits the absolute hourly values of Declination (Inclination calculated from the Horizontal and Vertical Forces), the Horizontal Force and Vertical Force having both been corrected for temperature for February 13, 14, and 15, 1892:—

TT.		Declination.			Inclination	•
Hour.	Feb. 13.	Feb. 14.	Feb. 15.	Feb. 13.	Feb. 14.	Feb. 15.
1 A.M 2 ,, 3 ,, 4 ,, 5 ,, 6 ,, 7 ,, 8 ,, 9 ,, 10 ,, 11 ,, Noon 1 p.M	17 34 · 7 35 · 9 37 · 7 38 · 9 38 · 9 39 · 7 33 · 7 32 · 1 35 · 1 24 · 0 47 · 7 36 · 7 21 · 7	18 31 · 7 17 56 · 7 27 · 7 38 · 2 52 · 7 40 · 6 38 · 7 35 · 2 34 · 7 36 · 2 38 · 2 41 · 7	17 39 5 5 38 · 4 38 · 7 38 · 7 40 · 6 38 · 9 40 · 7 36 · 7 37 · 7 39 · 2 40 · 7 42 · 7	67 31·2 30·9 30·5 30·2 29·9 29·9 29·1 28·3 30·6 33·5 38·0 33·4	67 43 7 36 · 2 40 · 0 42 · 5 38 · 4 38 · 2 37 · 7 36 · 3 37 · 9 37 · 2 36 · 9 34 · 7	67 33 · 6 33 · 5 33 · 2 33 · 0 32 · 5 32 · 1 32 · 4 34 · 0 32 · 9 34 · 2 33 · 6 32 · 4
2 " 3 " 4 " 5 " 6 " 7 " 9 " 10 " Mid	28·7 37·8 33·7 17·8 16·7 45·5 50·7 42·1 58·7 17·37·7 18·7·5	42·4 41·2 41·2 40·7 40·2 39·9 39·0 39·5 37·7 36·9 41·1	40·7 38·7 37·8 37·3 36·6 42·7 39·7 39·7 35·7 36·7	35·6 36·3 30·9 34·3 32·2 36·1 38·9 58·7 40·8 30·4	33·7 34·7 36·5 35·7 34·7 34·8 34·5 34·5 34·4 34·3 34·4	32·9 29·6 32·4 33·6 32·6 35·2 33·5 31·5 31·6 33·3 32·9

Hour.		rizontal for	ce.	V	ertical force.	
110.11.	Feb. 13.	Feb. 14.	Feb. 15.	Feb. 13.	Feb. 14.	Feb. 15.
2 " 3 " 4 " 5 " 6 " 7 " 8 " 10 " 11 " Noon 1 P.M 2 " 3 " 4 " 5 " 6 " 7 " 8 " 9 " 10 "	0·18184 0·18188 0·18194 0·18199 0·18197 0·18192 0·18192 0·18192 0·18205 0·18182 0·18145 0·18185 0·18185 0·18184 0·18202 0·18312 0·18248 0·18261 0·18161 0·18161 0·18161	0·17622 0·17872 0·18066 0·18038 0·17977 0·18070 0·18087 0·18121 0·18099 0·18117 0·18119 0·18152 0·18137 0·18142 0·18152 0·18146 0·18150 0·18149 0·18149 0·181449	0 18144 0 18147 0 18151 0 18155 0 18167 0 18162 0 18137 0 18136 0 18135 0 18131 0 18144 0 18170 0 18167 0 18122 0 18165 0 18154 0 18182 0 18154 0 18185 0 18154	0·43943 0·43944 0·43943 0·43942 0·43941 0·43927 0·43914 0·43922 0·43938 0·43917 0·43934 0·43952 0·44024 0·44104 0·44174 0·44212 0·44164 0·44088 0·43944 0·43944 0·43994 0·43794	trace off sheet 0 · 43638 0 · 43638 0 · 43838 0 · 43898 0 · 43895 0 · 43961 0 · 43963 0 · 43978 0 · 44000 0 · 43993 0 · 44011 0 · 44053 0 · 44020 0 · 44003 0 · 43981 0 · 43978 0 · 43978 0 · 43978 0 · 43978	0·43934 0·43938 0·43936 0·43936 0·43936 0·43936 0·43933 0·43933 0·43931 0·43933 0·43952 0·43962 0·43981 0·43983 0·43962 0·43962 0·43965 0·43965 0·43965 0·43965 0·43965 0·43965 0·43965 0·43965 0·43965 0·43936

The following are the principal results of the magnetic elements for the year 1892:—

 Mean Westerly Declination
 17° 36'·7

 Mean Horizontal Force
 0·18202 C.G.S. unit.

 Mean Inclination
 67° 29'·4

 Mean Vertical Force
 0·43919 C.G.S. unit.

Additional observations of the Horizontal Force, Inclination, and Declination have been made each month with the absolute instruments, for the purpose of determining with greater precision the zero values of the magnetograph curves.

Information on matters relating to various magnetic data has been supplied to Lord Kelvin, P.R.S., Professor Rücker, Dr. Neumayer, Captain Schück, and Dr. Atkinson.

Lieutenant C. E. Monro, of H.M.S. "Penguin," visited the Observatory from November 11 to 22, in order to gain a knowledge of the use of the unifilar magnetometer and the method of observing and reducing the observations.

Mr. E. Kitto, Superintendent of the Falmouth Observatory, again spent a fortnight at Kew, in the spring, preparing for the reduction, upon the International scheme, of the magnetic observations made at that Observatory.

From time to time Messrs. Gray and Watson have visited the Observatory for the purpose of taking a series of absolute magnetic observations with the instruments which have been employed under the direction of Professors Rücker and Thorpe in their magnetic survey of the British Isles.

A glass scale graduated in millimetres for measuring magnetic curves was constructed for Professor W. G. Adams.

A number of Thomson compass deflectors by J. White, of Glasgow, have been examined, the examination being conducted at the Observatory by Mr. Baker, acting upon suggestions made by Captain Creak.

II. METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

The several self-recording instruments for the continuous registration respectively of Atmospheric Pressure, Temperature of Air and Wet-bulb, Wind (direction and velocity), Bright Sunshine, and Rain, have been maintained in regular operation throughout the year, and the standard eye observations for the control of the automatic records duly registered.

The tabulations of the meteorological traces have been regularly made, and these, as well as copies of the eye observations, with

notes of weather, cloud, and sunshine, have been transmitted, as usual, to the Meteorological Office.

With the sanction of the Meteorological Council, data have been supplied to the Council of the Royal Meteorological Society, the editor of 'Symons's Monthly Meteorological Magazine,' Dr. Rowland, the Institute of Mining Engineers, and others.

Detailed information of all thunderstorms observed in the neighbourhood during the year has been forwarded to the Royal Meteorological Society, as usual.

At the request of the Meteorological Council, experiments have been for some months in progress upon the spare Beckley Rain Gauge with Willesden prepared paper and aniline ink, with the view of determining its adaptability for use with that instrument, as a substitute for the paper hitherto used, which has been found to deteriorate on keeping.

Daily trials were carried out, and the results showed a marked improvement upon those previously obtained. It was found impossible, however, to entirely prevent the lengthening of the papers during very damp weather, although the sheets were soaked and coated with various varnishes, &c. Experiments are still in progress on this subject.

Various suggestions for a supplemental record of the number of discharges made by the Beckley Rain Gauge during heavy rainfalls have been under consideration, but nothing definite has, up to the present, been decided upon.

Anemograph.—A new pricker was fitted to this instrument in June, the old one having become bent and loose in its fitting.

Sunshine Records.—As it was found that the scaffolding erected during the extension of the west wing interfered with the registration of bright sunshine by the recorder after 6 P.M., a spare instrument was obtained on loan from the Meteorological Office, and fitted up on the staging above the sun room, in order to prevent any possible loss of record, and was in use from August 2 to September 10, the scaffolding being removed on the latter date.

Alterations in Observatory.—To facilitate photographic operations, and to keep the thermograph free from disturbance, &c., the curtains heretofore used in the room have been removed, and a wooden partition with two doors erected, which has been found a great improvement. At the same time, arrangements were made so as to render the room available for the registering portion of the electrograph, and the two instruments are now conveniently placed side by side.

Inspections.—At the commencement of March Mr. Whipple visited the Valencia Observatory, and after dismounting the whole of the meteorological instruments, conveyed them to the new building constructed for the purpose at Westwood House, Cahirciveen, the new Valencia Observatory. The removal was successfully accomplished with only one breakage, that of the wet-bulb reference thermometer. Before leaving, Mr. Whipple made careful determinations of the level of the barometer at the new station, the heights of anemometer cups, rain gauges, and thermometers above ground, re-determined index errors, &c.

At the request of the Meteorological Council, Mr. Baker visited the Glasgow Observatory in April, taking with him three new thermograph tubes and two Kew standard thermometers of reference, in order to replace instruments which had been maliciously broken.

Electrograph.—This instrument was kept in action until the end of July, when it was dismounted to prevent possible damage during the building operations connected with the extension of the west wing of the Observatory. The scale value was determined by direct comparison with the portable electrometer, No. 53, early in May and at the end of June. On the completion of the building, the instrument being in a somewhat inconvenient spot, rendering dislocation possible, it was decided to remove it to a safer position, which was rendered accessible by the alterations to the thermograph room. The water reservoir, however, was not moved, as this might perhaps have interfered with the continuity of the records, and it is intended to commence again the regular records with the beginning of 1893.

III. SOLAR OBSERVATIONS.

Sun-spots.—Sketches of Sun-spots have been made on 178 days, and the groups numbered after Schwabe's method.

On no occasion during the year, when observations have been taken, has the Sun's surface been found free from spots, and the number of new groups enumerated has largely increased.

Time Signals.—These have been regularly received from Greenwich through the G.P.O., with the exception of a few days, on which occasions supplementary signals were transmitted at later hours, and a list of time corrections sent when required.

Transit Observation.—Occasional solar and sidereal transits have been observed as checks upon the Greenwich signalled times.

Violle's Actinometer.—With regard to these instruments, the only observations made during the past year were experiments to determine the rate of cooling both of the spheres and the thermometers used in connection with them. The weight of each sphere also was determined when filled with water. The results were forwarded to Mr. H. F. Blanford, F.R.S., who had undertaken to investigate the subject for the Solar Physics Committee.

IV. EXPERIMENTAL WORK.

In accordance with the request of Mr. Ellery, the Government Astronomer at Melbourne, the Indian pendulum apparatus, having been thoroughly overhauled since its return from the Royal Observatory, Greenwich, to Kew, was carefully packed and shipped to Melbourne, for use in the Gravity Survey now being undertaken by the Australian authorities.

The packing and shipping were conducted under the direction of General Walker, who prepared a detailed statement of the necessary instructions to be followed by the observers.

The Richard thermograph, procured for use with the apparatus, was also carefully packed and sent to Melbourne. Notice has been received of the arrival in the Colony of the apparatus.

Cloud Photographs.—Operations connected with cloud photography have been suspended during the past year. At the request of the Meteorological Office, certain cloud negatives taken in 1891, with their reductions, were forwarded to them for examination, as well as the apparatus used in the reduction of their heights and velocities.

Fog and Mist.—With the view of ensuring greater uniformity in observations of these phenomena, at the suggestion of Mr. R. H. Scott, a list of twenty-four well-known objects in the neighbour-hood of the Observatory has been prepared, at distances varying from 9 to 3850 yards. Since May, the most distant of the objects visible at each observation hour between sunrise and sunset has been noted. Up to the present the most dense fog recorded was when an object at 20 yards distance was obscured.

Further experiments were made at the beginning of the year with Munro's sight indicating anemometer, but the variation of viscosity of the oil at low temperatures has caused some difficulty in determining the scale value of the instrument, which has been returned to the maker.

V. VERIFICATION OF INSTRUMENTS.

The following instruments have been purchased on commission and their constants determined:—

1 pair of dip needles, for the Meteorological Institute, Copenhagen.

1 pair of dip needles for the Imperial and Royal Austro-Hungarian Embassy, London.

1 Clifton electrometer, water dropping collector and insulators, also a battery of 60 chloride of silver cells and a dip needle for the Royal Alfred Observatory, Mauritius.

A set of 24 thermometers for the Observatory, Hong Kong.

The total number of other instruments compared during the year was as follows:—

	Number tested in the year ending December 31, 1892.	Number tested during the fourteen months ending December 31, 1891.
Air-meters	9	7
Anemometers	4	19
Aneroids	74	72
Artificial horizons	22	10
Barometers, Marine	74	111
" Standard	61	57
" Station	18	39
Binoculars	168	47 0
Compasses	28	22
Deflectors	20	0
Hydrometers	395	224
Inclinometers	1	3
Photographic Lenses	18	19
Magnets	1	2
Navy Telescopes	4 87	374
Rain Gauges	9	17
Rain Measures	13	39
Sextants	463	428
" Shades	52	7
Sunshine Recorders	1	1
Theodolites	6	5
Thermometers, Arctic	50	133
,, Avitreous or Immisch's	71	231
" Chemical	44	108
,, Clinical	16,850	15,692
,, Deep sea	31	58
" Meteorological	1,875	2,289
", Mountain"	17	26
", Solar radiation	1	1
" Standards	79	62
Unifilars	1	3
Vertical Force Instruments	5	Ō

Total	20,948	20,529
	Salitation of Confession (Confession (Conf	

Duplicate copies of corrections have been supplied in 78 cases.

The number of instruments rejected or account of excessive error, or for other reasons, was as follows:—

Thermometers, clinical	32
" ordinary meteorological	13
Sextants	83
Telescopes	90
Various	21

3 Standard Thermometers have been supplied during the year.

There were at the end of the year in the Observatory undergoing verification, 12 Barometers, 202 Thermometers, 8 Hydrometers, 13 Sextants, 21 Telescopes, and 1 Anemometer.

At the request of Captain Tyler, R.E., Inspecting Officer of the R.E. Division, Royal Dockyard, Woolwich, a batch of 72 telescopes for the use of the officers of the field artillery has been examined.

VI. RATING OF WATCHES.

1044 watches have been sent for examination during the year, as contrasted with 709 during the fourteen months comprised in last report. They were entered for the following classes:—

For class A, 414; class B, 403; class C, 221; and 6 for the subsidiary trial. Of these 192 failed from various causes to gain any certificate; 214 were awarded class C certificates, 377 class B, and 256 class A; of the latter, 22 obtained the highest form of certificate, class A, especially good; and 5 of the 6 passed the second test.

In the Appendix will be found statements giving the results of trial of the 22 watches which gained the highest number of marks during the year. The first place was taken by Messrs. Baume and Co., London, with a keyless, going-barrel, chronometer-watch, No. 103,018, with the "tourbillon" escapement, which obtained the high total of 91.9 marks out of a maximum of 100; this is the highest value yet awarded.

The best performance of *lever* watches during the year was that of No. 13,400 by Fridlander, Coventry, which gained 86 marks.

There has been a marked increase in the number of watches sent for the B and C trials, and the use of these tests for lower-graded movements appears, judging by the demand, to be steadily growing in favour.

Non-Magnetic Watches.—Several watches thus designated have been examined during the year, both as to their ordinary time-keeping and also to their non-magnetic properties. The trial is rigorous, the movement being tested in an intense magnetic field, both in vertical and horizontal positions, and gradually approached to and removed from the coil, whilst its behaviour is critically watched, and its subsequent daily rate noted. Should any alterations of its normal performance occur, the watch receives no certificate.

Marine Chronometers.—During the year, 9 class A and 9 class B certificates have been issued with chronometers which had undergone the tests, as described in last report; one movement failed to pass the trials.

VII. MISCELLANEOUS.

Lens Testing.—A detailed account of the apparatus and methods employed in the examination of lenses has been completed by Major Darwin, and presented to the Royal Society. The paper is being printed in extenso by several photographic journals. Major Darwin also read a paper on this subject before the Photographic Society of Great Britain, the apparatus being illustrated by means of lantern slides. The Lens Testing Camera was shown at the Soirée of the Royal Society, in May.

A loan of twelve lenses, all known to be of good quality, has been obtained from the Royal Engineering School at Chatham, by the kind permission of the Commandant. These have been subjected to a very detailed examination, the results of which will be considered as standards of reference for other lenses sent here for certification.

Experiments are in progress in the endeavour to find an object more suitable for the "definition" test than the one now in use.

Library.—During the year the library has received as presents the publications of—

- 37 Scientific Societies and Institutions of Great Britain and Ireland, and
- 106 Foreign and Colonial Scientific Establishments, as well as of numerous private individuals.

The preparation of the card catalogue of the Library is still continued, but confined only to such publications as relate to Meteorology, Terrestrial Magnetism, and the other work of the Observatory.

Extension of the Building.—The Chief Commissioner of Works and Public Buildings having granted permission for the Committee to undertake the erection of the additional story to the west wing of the Observatory, as mentioned in last year's Report, and having instructed Mr. Lessels, surveyor to the Board, to prepare the necessary drawings, plans, &c., tenders were invited from the principal local builders for the work. That of Messrs. J. Dorey and Co., of Brentford, for £540, was accepted, and operations were commenced on July 15. They have now been completed, under the superintendence of Mr. Chart, H.M. Commissioners' Clerk of Works for the Hampton Court and Kew District, and Mr. Allen, his assistant.

The cost of the operations being a heavy charge on the funds at the present disposal of the Committee, they made application to the Royal Society for a loan of £400, which was liberally granted.

During the building alterations the thermometer testing was carried on in the experimental magnetic house.

Water Supply.—Applications having been made to Her Majesty's Office of Works for the provision of a direct water supply, available for the protection of the building in the case of fire and other purposes, arrangements were made with the Water Committee of the Richmond Corporation for the laying of a branch main along the roadway leading from Clarence Street, Richmond, to the Observatory, and H.M. Office of Works contributed a moiety of the cost, viz., £74 10s.

Paper.—Prepared photographic paper has been procured, and supplied to the Observatories at Aberdeen, Falmouth, Fort William, Lisbon, Mauritius, Oxford, Stonyhurst, Valencia, Hong Kong, Toronto, as well as to the Meteorological Office for Batavia.

Anemograph sheets have been sent to Mauritius, and blank forms for entry of magnetic observations to Professor Rücker and Dr. Meldrum.

Exhibition of Instruments.—Various instruments were shown by the Committee at the thirteenth annual exhibition of the Royal Meteorological Society.

Workshop.—The machine tools procured for the use of the Kew Observatory by grants from the Government Grant Fund or the Donation Fund have been duly kept in order.

House, Grounds and Footpath.—These have all been kept as usual during the year.

PERSONAL ESTABLISHMENT.

The staff employed is as follows:—

- G. M. Whipple, B.Sc., Superintendent.
- T. W. Baker, Chief Assistant.
- H. McLaughlin, Accounts and Library.
- E. G. Constable, Observations and Rating.
- W. Hugo, Verification Department.
- J. Foster
- T. Gunter ..
- W. J. Boxall ..
- E. Dagwell, and seven other Assistants.

(Signed) Francis Galton,
Chairman.

Comparison of Expenditure (excluding Commissions) for the twelve months ending December 31st, 1891, and December 31st, 1892.

Net expenditure.	1891.	1892.	Increase.	Decrease.
Administration—	£ s. d	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Superintendent	400 0 0	400 0 0		
Office	207 1 6	200 3 0	••	6 18 6
Rent, fuel, and lighting	53 7 7	58 15 10	5 8 3	
Attendance and contingencies	191 13 9	184 12 10	••	7 0 11
Normal Observatory—				
Salaries	284 4 8	296 12 0	12 7 4	
Incidental expenses	49 5 5	31 14 11		17 10 6
Researches	.*			e w
Salaries	221 6 0	223 5 0	1 19 0	
Incidental expenses	28 1 8	2 11 0	••	25 10 8
Tests—				
Salaries	876 14 6	858 17 7		17 16 11
Incidental expenses	260 2 10	183 15 2	••	76 7 8
Extension of Premises—				
West wing		500 0 0	500 0 0	
Water main		156 10 0	156 10 0	
vi aber mam	••	120 10 0		1
			676 4 7	151 5 2
ert descrimination (Westermann Sta. 4850000 Metallipscriftlichte erw derbie derzeit dischaussengamme			151 5 2	***************************************
	2,571 1 7 11	3,096 17 4	524 19 5	

W. GRYLLS ADAMS, Auditor.

(Signed)

Examined and compared with the vouchers, and found correct.

Kew Observatory. Account of Receipts and Payments for the year ending December 31st, 1892.

RECEIPTS.		PAYMENTS.		Š.	
Fo Balance from Year 1891 88 884 Royai Society:— # 8. d. (Gassiot Trust) # 487 10 0 (Loan for Building) 400 0 0	£ s. d. 380 6 10		£ s. d. 400 0 0 200 3 0 58 15 10	£ s. d.	
	887 10 0 403 3 11	Afrendance, Cleaning, Repairs, Insurance, &c 18 Normal Observations, Tabulations, &c	184 12 10 296 12 0 31 14 11	843 11 8	•
Tests:	o #		223 5 0 2 11 0		v
	1856 14 9 74 10 0 243 18 4	Tests:— Salaries 858 17 7 Indicatal Expenses—Instruments, Porterages, 188 15 2	858 17 7		
		Ving	500 0 0 156 10 0 5, &c 222 8	042 12 9 656 10 0 222 8 3	
	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN NAM	Cash at Bank of England			
3.58.4.	£3848 8 4		33	£3848 8 4	

	riepo
£ 8. (f. 40 1 2 25 17 3 23 6 0 117 400 0 0 440 0 0 0 4452 5 6	1152 8 3 istant.
To Administration accounts—Gas, Repairs, and Contingencies. To Administration accounts—Gas, Repairs, and Contingencies. Observatory accounts—Rithings, Printing, Sationery, &c. 23 Trests accounts—Fifthings, Printing, Sationery, &c. 23 Unspent Balance of Pendium Account 400 Boyal Society (Loan) 400 Dorey & Co.—Balance for Building 400 Commissions General Balance 4452	(Signed) T. W. BAKER, Chief Assistant,
ESTIMATED ASSETS. 2	February 27, 1893.

List of Instruments, Apparatus, &c., the Property of the Kew Committee, at the present date out of the custody of the Superintendent, on Loan.

To whom lent.	Articles.	Date of loan.
G. J. Symons, F.R.S.	Portable Transit Instrument	1869
The Science and Art Department, South Kensington.	The articles specified in the list in the Annual Report for 1876, with the exception of the Photo-Heliograph, Dip-Circle, Unifilar, and Hodgkinson's Actinometer.	1876
R. J. Ellery, F.R.S	Pendulum Apparatus, complete, with Richard Thermograph.	1892
Professor W. Grylls Adams, F.R.S.	Unifilar Magnetometer, by Jones, No. 101, complete.	1883
	Pair 9-inch Dip-Needles with Bar Magnets	1887
Professor O.J. Lodge, F.R.S.	Unifilar Magnetometer, by Jones, No. 106, complete. Barrow Dip-Circle, No. 23, with two Needles, and Magnetizing Bars. Tripod Stand.	1883
Captain W. de W. Abney, F.R.S.	Mason's Hygrometer, by Jones	1885
Prof. T. E. Thorpe, F.R.S.	Tripod Stand	1886
Lord Rayleigh, F.R.S.	Standard Barometer (Adie, No. 655)	1885
Mr. C. Eldridge	Chain Anemometer	1890

APPENDIX I.

MAGNETICAL OBSERVATIONS,

Made at the Kew Observatory, Richmond, Lat. 51° 28′ 6″ N. and Long. 0^h 1^m 15^s·1 W., height 34 feet above mean sea-level, for the year 1892.

The results given in the following tables are deduced from the magnetograph curves which have been standardised by observations of deflection and vibration. These were made with the Collimator Magnet K.C. I. and the Declinometer Magnet marked K.O. 90 in the 9-inch Unifilar Magnetometer by Jones.

The Inclination was observed with the Inclinometer by Barrow, No. 33, and needles 1 and 2, which are $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length.

The Declination and Force values given in Tables I to VIII are prepared in accordance with the suggestions made in the fifth report of the Committee of the British Association on comparing and reducing Magnetic Observations.

The following is a list of the days during the year 1892 which were selected by the Astronomer Royal, as suitable for the determination of the magnetic diurnal variations, and which have been employed in the preparation of the magnetic tables.

January	2,	9,	20,	22,	30.
February	3,	8,	17,	18,	22.
March	10,	14,	17,	18,	23.
April	5,	6,	17,	20,	22.
May	12,	13,	15,	23,	26.
June	8,	9,	12,	14,	15.
July	5,	6,	8,	20,	23.
August	11,	14,	15,	19,	30.
September	4,	5,	9,	12,	25.
October	9,	17,	23,	26,	28.
November	8,	11,	12,	16,	27.
December	3.	9.	18.	26	27.

5.

4.

6.

7.

Mid.

1.

2.

3.

Hours

Table I.—Hourly Means of Declination, as

8.

9.

10.

11.

	(17° +	·) West	5 .		7	Winter.						
1892. Months. Jan. Feb. March Oct. Nov. Dec.	$38.0 \\ 37.6$	37·9 37·4 37·3 32·7 33·2 32·5	37.6 37.7 37.4 32.9 33.2 32.8	37 · 4 37 · 5 37 · 3 33 · 0 33 · 2 32 · 9	37·5 37·9 37·4 32·8 33·1 33·0	37 ·6 37 ·3 37 ·8 33 ·1 32 ·7 33 ·2 35 ·3	37·8 38·3 37·5 32·6 32·9 32·6	$ \begin{array}{c} 38 \cdot 0 \\ 38 \cdot 2 \\ 36 \cdot 0 \\ 32 \cdot 4 \\ 32 \cdot 9 \\ 32 \cdot 8 \\ \hline 35 \cdot 1 \end{array} $	37·6 38·3 35·2 31·3 32·6 32·7	37·9 38·6 35·6 31·0 32·3 33·1 34·8	39 · 5 40 · 0 37 · 5 32 · 6 32 · 7 34 · 4 36 · 1	41·4 41·6 40·6 35·9 34·7 35·9 38·4
Summer.												
April May June July Aug Sept	36·1 37·1 35·6 35·3 36·3	36·2 36·9 35·8 36·8 36·8 35·4 35·1 36·0	35·7 36·7 35·8 35·7 35·5 34·8 35·7	35·7 36·2 35·7 35·4 34·6 34·5					ĺ		34·6 37·5 35·9 34·5 36·7 38·2 36·2	
Hours	Mid.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
					Sun	nmer M	ean,	*				
	, -0.5	-0.8	, -1·1	-1:4	-2.2	-3.5	, -4·6	-5.2	-5·1	-3.6	-0.6	+2.6
					Wii	nter Me	an.					V
	, -1.7	, -1:5	, -1·4	-1·5	, -1·4	, -1`4	-1:4	-1:6	-2.1	-1.9	-0.6	+1.7

Annual Mean.

-2.5

-3.0

-1.5

-1.1

-1.2

-1.3

-1.8

-0.6

+2.2

-3.6

-3.4

determined from the selected quiet Days in 1892.

Noon.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	Mid
Winter.												
43·3 43·5 43·8 39·2 36·3 37·0	44·1 44·1 45·1 41·0 37·1 37·7	43·4 44·2 44·2 41·0 37·0 36·5	42·1 43·4 42·9 39·7 36·3 36·2	41·1 41·3 41·0 37·8 36·1 35·1	40·2 40·2 39·7 36·5 35·2 34·8	39·6 40·8 38·6 35·3 34·7 34·9	39·1 40·0 38·0 34·6 34·3 34·1	38·5 39·1 38·0 34·3 33·9 33·3	38·1 38·2 37·2 33·6 33·1 32·7	38·1 37·9 37·0 33·5 33·3 32·2	37 · 9 37 · 7 37 · 9 33 · 5 33 · 1 32 · 0	38 · 2 37 · 8 38 · 0 33 · 5 33 · 1 32 · 2
40.5	41 . 5	41 ·1	40.1	38 .7	37 ·8	37 · 3	36 .7	36 · 2	35.5	35.3	35.4	35 . 5
	The second secon				s	ummer.		**************************************	200		7	., .,
,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,	,
40.8	42.1	42.3	40.7	39.1	38 · 2	37.6	$37 \cdot 4$	37 .4	37 · 1	37.1	36.8	36.5
44.0	45.1	43.8	42.0	40.1	38.1	36.9	36.5	36.8	37.3	37.5	37.2	36.5
42.7	44.2	44.0	42 1	40.4	38.9	37.8	36.9	36.8	36.6	36.8	36.5	36.2
41.3	43.3	43 .7	42.4	39.9	38.0	36.7	36 .4	36.4	36.8	36.7	36.5	36.5
43.5	44.8	43.6	41.6	38.7	36.6	35.8	36 .2	35.9	35 ·9	35·9 36·1	35··5 35··9	34 ·9
43 .8	43 .8	42.5	40.5	38 • 4	37 .0	36.7	36.5	35 .9	99.6	30.1	39.9	99.6
42 .7	43 · 9	43 · 3	41 .6	39.4	37 ·8	36.9	36 .7	36.5	36.5	36.7	36 • 4	36 ·1

Declination as derived from Table I.

 				1	1		1	(1	1	1	1
Noon.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	Mid.
	1		+		Sun	mer M	ean.					-
1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <t< th=""><th>-0.7</th></t<>												-0.7
	1	1			Wi	nter Me	ean.	1		1		1
+3.8	+4.8	+4.4	+3.4	+2.0	+1:1	+0.6	0.0	-0·5	-1.2	, -1·4	, -1·3	, -1·2
					Anr	ual Me	an.					
, +4·9	+6.0	+5.5	, +4·1	+2.3	+1:1	+0.4	, -0·1	, -0.4	-0.8	-0.8	-0.9	1·0

Table III.—Hourly Means of the Horizontal Force in C.G.S. units

Hours	Mid.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
	0.1800	00 +				Winter.						
1892. Months. Jan. Feb. March. Oct. Nov. Dec.	188 195 193 209 222 210	189 190 193 208 220 209	191 195 191 210 221 210	190 189 192 212 224 211	194 187 192 212 225 216 204	195 189 198 213 226 216	194 189 201 214 227 218	194 195 193 212 227 218	189 194 186 204 222 215	184 186 172 192 213 212	176 179 169 183 209 206	172 175 164 182 208 204
				å - startterase -	s	lummer	•	il de la companione de la				
April May June July Aug Sept	201 219 224 201 207 196	201 216 221 200 208 196	200 213 221 198 206 194	200 214 221 198 206 193	199 212 221 197 205 193	199 214 219 194 203 192	198 208 213 189 202 189	194 200 203 183 193 179	186 190 194 179 182 169	175 183 190 174 171 164 176	166 181 191 167 168 162	166 184 200 168 171 168

Note.—During July, August, and September the Horizontal Force Magnetograph was at quiet days (August 30) this disturbance was such as to make the indications of the instrument August depends on four days only.

Table IV.—Diurnal Range of the Kew

Hours.	Mid.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.		
	Summer mean.													
	+ *00007	+ *00007	+ *00004	+ .00004	+ •00003	+ .00003	- •00001	- •00009	00018	- ⁺ 00025	00029	00025		
	Winter mean.													
	+ •00001	•00000	+ .00001	+ •00001	+ .00002	+ .00004	+ •00005	+ •00005	.00000	- •00009	- •00015	00018		
	Annual mean.													
	+ '00004	+ •00004	+ •00003	+ •00003	+ •00003	+ •00004	+ .00002	- •00002	- 000009	- 00017	00022	00021		

Note .- When the sign is + the

(corrected for Temperature), as determined from the selected Days in 1892.

Noon.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	Mid.
		1	1	1	7	Winter.		1	1			1
179 174 166 184 209 204	184 179 173 196 212 206	188 180 179 202 218 210	188 185 189 204 222 211	189 190 -186 204 222 214 201	190 191 185 209 225 217	195 199 192 211 227 217	197 196 200 214 229 218	197 200 198 216 227 219	196 200 193 215 228 216 208	192 198 194 216 229 215	195 199 199 218 227 218	195 201 199 218 229 214 209
	1		1	1	S	ummer	•	1		1	1	
173 192 209 170 183 183	182 200 213 180 192 193	190 206 220 193 199 197	194 212 225 200 206 196	200 218 221 207 213 192 208	201 221 225 209 217 193	203 223 228 212 220 197	206 224 231 214 221 202	204 220 231 214 222 201 215	204 222 230 213 223 201 215	205 222 230 210 219 198	204 220 227 208 222 202	204 219 226 207 217 200 212

times disturbed by the building operations which were then in progress. On one of the selected doubtful. The results obtained on that date have therefore been omitted, and the mean for

Horizontal Force as deduced from Table III.

Noon.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	Mid.	
	Summer mean.												
 •00016	00008	•00000	+ .00002	+ •00007	+ •00010	+ •00013	+ •00015	+ •00014	+ •00014	+ •00013	+ •00013	+ .0001	
	Winter mean.												
-·00016	00010	- •00006	00002	00001	+ .00001	+ •00005	+ .00007	+ •00008	+ .00006	+ *00005	+ •00007	+ •0000	
	Annual mean.												
00016	00009	00003	+ .00001	+ .00003	+ .00006	+ .00009	+ .00011	+ •00011	+ .00010	+ .00009	+ .00010	+ *0000	

reading is above the mean.

Table V.—Hourly Means of the Vertical Force in C.G.S. units (corrected

Hours	Mid.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.
	0 ·4300	00 +				Winte	r.	Andrew School Sc				
1892. Months. Jan Feb March . Oct Nov Dec	938 914 927 911 930 911	938 911 927 909 931 911	936 910 927 908 930 912	935 911 927 909 930 912 	934 912 927 911 931 913	934 913 927 912 931 914	934 915 925 913 931 913	934 914 925 915 930 913 	935 915 926 916 932 913	935 912 922 915 932 913	936 909 917 910 928 913	935 907 910 905 925 913
						Sumn	ier.		OFFICE AND THE PROPERTY OF A SERVICE OF			
April May June July Aug Sept	921 931 913 911 906 918	921 933 913 910 907 918	921 934 914 910 908 919 918	922 936 915 911 907 920	923 939 919 913 909 920	924 941 922 916 912 922	925 941 920 913 914 924	928 939 919 909 914 924	926 934 915 908 912 921	919 927 909 905 907 914	913 918 903 900 899 907	906 912 893 895 894 903

Note.—During July, August, and September the Vertical Force Magnetograph was at times days (August 30) this disturbance was such as to make the indications of the instrument doubtful. on four days only.

Table VI.—Diurnal Range of the Kew

Hours	Mid.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.		
-	Summer mean.													
	+ '00002	30000 +	+ *00003	+ .00004	+ .00000	+ *00008	+ *00008	+ .00007	+ .00004	•00001	00008	00014		
	Winter mean.													
	•00000	- •00001	00001	 •00001	00001	-00000	•00000	•00000	+ .00001	•00000	•00003	00006		
	Annual mean.													
	+ •00001	.00000	+ .00001	+ •00002	+ .00003	+ .00004	+ .00004	+ .00003	+ .00002	•00000	00005	00010		

for Temperature), as determined from the selected Days in 1892.

Noon.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	Mid.
						Winte	er.					
			1		-						4.	
935 908 908 903 924 914	936 912 910 904 924 917	939 916 915 909 928 919 921	941 920 921 916 930 921	941 920 926 918 932 921	940 920 924 920 932 922	940 920 924 918 932 922	939 920 921 917 932 923	936 919 919 916 933 921	936 917 919 916 932 921	935 917 918 916 932 921	934 916 915 914 931 920	933 915 914 913 929 921
	`					Sumn	ner.	***************************************	AND A COMPANY OF	***************************************		
902 909 892 890 893 903	905 914 897 893 896 907	912 920 906 901 901 914	917 926 910 909 906 918	919 930 915 914 911 922	917 932 918 917 913 924	916 933 918 919 915 923	916 931 916 916 909 921	915 928 916 913 909 921 	915 925 914 912 908 920	914 922 913 912 907 920	913 923 913 910 906 919	913 922 914 910 904 919

disturbed by the building operations which were then in progress. On one of the selected quiet The results obtained on that date have therefore been omitted, and the mean for August depends

Vertical Force as deduced from Table V.

Noon.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10,	11.	Mid.	
					Sur	nmer mea	ın.						
0001	7 - 000	30000	0600001	+ .00004	+ .00002	+ .00000	+ .00003	+ *00002	+ .00001	•00000	- :00001	00001	
	Winter mean.												
0000	7000	090	01 + .00008	- 00004	+ 00004	+ '00004	+ .00003	+ .00002	+ •00002	+ .00001	•00000	00001	
	Annual mean.												
0001	20000	000 60	04 + .00001	+ .00004	+ .00002	+ .00002	+ .00003	+ .0000	+ .00002	+ •00001	00001	- •00001	

reading is above the mean.

Table VII.—Hourly Means of the Inclination, calculated

Hours	. Mid.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.			
	67° +					Wir	iter.								
1892. Months Jan Feb March Oct Nov	30·8 29·7 30·1 28·6	30·7 29·9 30·1 28·6 28·5	30·5 29·5 30·3 28·5 28·4	30.6 30.0 30.2 28.4 28.2	30·3 30·1 30·2 28·4 28·1	30.2 30.0 29.8 28.4 28.0	30·3 30·1 29·6 28·4 28·0	30·3 29·7 30·1 28·6 28·0	30·6 29·7 30·6 29·1 28·4	31·0 30·2 31·4 29·9 29·0	31·5 30·6 31·5 30·3 29·1	31·8 30·8 31·6 30 3 29·1			
Dec Mean	28.6	28.6	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	29.3	28.2	28 · 3	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 28.1\\\hline \hline 29.1\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c }\hline 28.1\\\hline \hline 29.1\\\hline \end{array}$	$\frac{28 \cdot 3}{29 \cdot 4}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c }\hline 28.5\\\hline \hline 30.0\\\hline \end{array}$	30.3	30.4			
	Summer.														
April May June July Ang Sept Mean	28·5 27·7 29·2 28·6 29·7 28·9	29·5 28·8 27·9 29·2 28·6 29·7 28·9	29·5 29·0 27·9 29·3 28·8 29·9 29·1	29·5 29·0 27·9 29·4 28·7 30·0 29·1	,	29 · 7 29 · 1 28 · 3 29 · 8 29 · 1 30 · 1 29 · 3	6. ean.	7.	8.	9.	10.	31·4 30·3 28·7 30·9 30·7 31·1 30·5 of the			
	-0.4	-0.4	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	0.0	+0.3	+0.8	+1.3	+1.6	+1.7	+1.2			
					Win	ter Me	an.					1			
	, -0·1	-0.0	, -0.1	-0·1	-0·2	-0.3	-0.3	-0.3	0.0	+0.6	+0.9	+1.0			
				w.	Ann	ual Me	an.		all references are a result response	TOTAL TO BE A TOTAL OF THE TOTA	interpretation in the second i				
	-0.3	-0.2	, -0·2	, -0·2	-0.2	_0·1	0.0	+0.3	+0.7	+1.1	+1.3	+1.1			

Note.—When the sign is +

from the Horizontal and Vertical Forces (Tables III and V).

Noon.	1.	2.	3,	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	Mid.
				****	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	Wint	er.					-
31·3 30·9 31·4 30·1 29·0 29·0	31·0 30·7 31·0 29·3 28·8 29·0	30.8 30.7 30.8 29.1 28.5 28.8 29.8	30·9 30·5 30·3 29·1 28·3 28·8	30·8 30·2 30·6 29·2 28·4 28·6	30·7 30·1 30·6 28·9 28·2 28·4	30·4 29·6 30·1 28·7 28·0 28·4	30·2 29·8 29·5 28·5 27·9 28·4	30·1 29·5 29·6 28·3 28·0 28·3 28·9	30·2 29·4 29·9 28·4 28·0 28·5	30·4 29·5 29·8 28·3 27·9 28·5	30·2 29·4 29·4 28·1 28·0 28·3	30·2 29·3 29·4 28·1 27·8 28·6
		1		-		Sumn	ner.					
30·8 29·7 28·1 30·7 29·9 30·2	30·3 29·3 28·0 30·1 29·4 29·6	29 · 9 29 · 1 27 · 8 29 · 4 29 · 0 29 · 5 29 · 1	29·8 28·9 27·6 29·2 28·7 29·7	29·5 28·6 28·0 28·9 28·4 30·1	29·3 28·4 27·8 28·8 28·2 30·1	29·2 28·3 27·6 28·7 28·0 29·8	29·0 28·2 27·3 28·4 27·8 29·4	29·1 28·4 27·3 28·4 27·7 29·5	29·1 28·2 27·3 28·4 27·6 29·4	29·0 28·1 27·3 28·6 27·9 29·6	29·0 28·2 27·5 28·7 27·6 29·3	29·0 28·3 27·6 28·7 27·9 29·5

Inclination as deduced from Table VII.

Noon.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	Mid.	
	-	31			Sum	mer M	ean.				-1		
+0.6	+0.5	-0.2	, -0·3	-0.4	, -0·5	-0.7	-0.9	, -0.9	, -1·0	, -0·9	-0.9	-0.8	
	Winter Mean.												
+0.9	+0.5	+0.4	+0.2	+0.2	+0.1	-0.2	, -0.4	, -0·5	, -0·3	,	, -0·5		
					Anr	ual Me	an.						
+0.8	+0.4	+0.1	-0.1	, -0·1	, -0·2	, -0.4	, -0·6	-0.7	-0.7	-0.6	-0·7	-0.6	

the reading is above the mean.

Mean Monthly Results of Temperature and Pressure for Kew Observatory. 1892. APPENDIX II.—Table I.

	Mean	tension.	in. 186 200 172 211 291 338 372 410 359 256 271 186	.271
	The second secon	Date.	d. h. 8 2 A.M. 18 2 " 15 6 P.M. 16 6 A.M. 2 8 P.M. 22 0.25 " 3 0 4 P.M. 3 0.10A.M.	•
*.	Absolute Extremes.	Min.	ins. 29.203 29.118 29.501 29.632 29.525 29.525 29.5478 29.2778 29.278 29.278 29.278	•
Barometer.*	Absolute	Date.	d. h. 13 9 A.M. 31 8 " 1 1 1 " 12 6 " 8 9 " 24 8 " 11 1 " 12 9 " 24 8 " 24 8 " 24 8 " 26 9 9 " 27 10 P.M.	•
		Max.	ins. 30.541 30.545 30.566 30.596 30.429 30.429 30.353 30.353 30.353 30.363 30.382 30.3	•
		Mean.	ins. 29.878 29.810 30.029 30.017 30.005 30.018 29.983 29.983 29.989 29.724 30.067	29.956
		Date.	d. h. 16 2 A.M. 17 7 " 9 7 " 15 4 " 115 4 " 118 6 " 26 6 " 27 8 "	•
And the second s	Extremes	Mim.	23.8 222.2 222.2 277.9 381.2 387.2 288.3 33.9 17.9	•
meter.	Absolute Extremes.	Date.	d. h. 29 3 P.M. 7 8 " 18 2 " 10 1 " 8 Noon 17 8 P.M. 19 8 P.M. 19 8 P.M. 19 8 P.M. 19 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•
Thermometer.		Max.	0.000 0.000	•
	-J	Max. and Min.	36.9 39.2 37.7.7 4.66.7 55.9 61.4 65.9 65.9 65.9 86.6 66.9	48.1
	Means of—	Min.	33.99.63.84.83.93.93.93.93.93.93.93.93.93.93.93.93.93	41.3
	M	Max.	40.044444490000000000000000000000000000	54.8
		.пкезм	37. 61. 61. 64. 65. 65. 66. 66. 66. 67. 67. 67. 67. 67	48.0
	• §	визпоМ	1892. Jan Feb March. April April June July Aug Sept Nov Dec	$\left\{egin{array}{l} ext{Yearly} \ ext{Means} \ ext{A} \end{array} ight\}$

This Table is compiled from "Hourly Means," vol. 1892, of the Meteorological Office. * Reduced to 32° at M.S.L.

Meteorological Observations.—Table II,

Kew Observatory.

ø	Calm.	82884 : 10 10 10 7	52
it wa	N.W.	466121222323	31
which	₩.	4010041041010040	55
ays on	S.W.	7 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	98
of da	zi		34
Number of days on which it was	S. 压.	- M : : - : M - : - M M	13
+ N	ei	5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 H 4 0	42
Wind.†	N.E.	ವಾಗುತ್ತಾಳದಾರು : :	42
	z	07-7-04-0000004	63
No administrative of the part	Gales.	ંબ બ :	4
no s	Over- cast sky.	8 4 1 1 8 8 4 1 1 1 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	155
Weather. Number of days on which were registered	Clear sky.	10 H 00 4 00 10 4 4 00 00 10	61
ther. Number of day which were registered	Thun- der- storms.	പ .ಐಐনব্ব	14
her.]	Hail.	∞ α	9
Weat	Snow.	11 9 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	27
	Rain. Snow.	13 16 10 8 8 12 13 14 14 12 13 13	163
	Date.	130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130	
Rainfall.*	Maxi- mum.	in. 0.095 0.220 0.210 0.820 0.800 1.170 0.470 1.795 1.090 0.930 0.330	
Ra	Total.	in, 0.435 0.445 1.040 1.075 1.470 2.730 2.075 3.280 3.280 3.630 1.180	24.270
Mean	amount of cloud (0=clear, 10=over-cast).	04.18.700.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.20.2	9.9
	Months.	1892. January February March April June July August Scptember November November	Totals and means

* Measured at 10 A.M. daily by gauge 1.75 feet above ground.

† As registered by the anemograph.

† The number of rainy days are those on which 0.01 inch rain or melted snow were recorded.

Meteorological Observations.—Table III.

Kew Observatory.

	H	Bright Sunshine.	shine.		Maxim ture ir (Black)	Maximum tempera- ture in sun's rays. (Black bulb in vacuo.)	bera- ays. acuo.)	Minin ture o	Minimum tempera- ture on the ground.	era- und.	Horizon of	Horizontal movement of the air.*	ent
Months.	Total number of hours recorded.	Mean percen- tage of possible sunshine.	Greatest daily record.	Date.	Mean.	Date, Mean. Highest. Date.	Date.	Mean.	Mean. Lowest. Date.	Date.	Average hourly velocity.	Average Greatest hourly hourly velocity, velocity.	Date.
1892.	h. m.		h. m.		deg.	deg.		deg.	deg.		miles.	miles.	
Janual'y	34 24	13	5 42	25	09	85	24	56	16	ල පු	6.6	31	53
February	48 42	17	6 12	18	++	++	4-4	30	12	17	11.5	39	H ;
March	94 24	25	11 0	30	85	110	6	27	16	01 01	12.5	35 {	19 19
April	219 36	57 53	12,54	23	109	124	22	53	20	51	6.6	31	28
May	207 42	43		П	118	136	31	38	19	<u></u>	10.7	31	28
June	231 54	47	1354	6	125	139	10	43	28	E.	10.1	82 9	67 (
	191 30	38	13 12	29	121	138	10	48	න විදු	-	11.11	33	9 9
134	192 0	43		12	123	134	15	47	35	າວ	1.6	34	900
September	134	98		00	113	126	16	43	23	18	97	31	23
October	9 06	28	8 42	23	92	110	10	32	19	24 26	8.6	30	53
November	39 42	15	6 18	30	69	66	က	35	26	21	7.4	26	22
December		14		4	52	83	15	56	6	27	0.6	29	31
Totals and Means	1519 6	31	:	:	:	:	:	35	:	:	6.6	:	:
							_		~	-	-	-	

* As indicated by a Robinson's anemograph, 70 feet above the general surface of the ground. † Read at 10 A.M., and entered to same day.

† Instrument dismounted.

Table IV.

Summary of Sun-spot Observations made at the Kew Observatory.

Months.	Days of observation.	Number of new groups enumerated.	Days apparently without spots.
1892.			THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O
January	10	9	<u>-</u>
February	14	9	
March	16	13	Martin Control
April	19	16	
May	17	14	
June	17	17	
July	16	13	
August	16	15	Manuscript III
September	17	15	
October	17	13	
November	10	11	ingerence color
December	9	13	
Totals for 1892	178	158	

APPENDIX III.—Table I.

RESULTS OF WATCH TRIALS. Performance of the 22 Watches which obtained the highest number of marks during the year.

	Total Marks. 0—100.	988 888 888 888 888 88 88 88 88 88 88 88
ed for	Temperature com- pensation.	17. 18. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19
Marks awarded for	Change of rate with change of position.	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Marks	To noitsirs variation of arte.	48888888888888888888888888888888888888
treme ttes.	Difference between ex gaining and losing re	8 04440000000000000 0 0000 0 0000 0 0000 00000
.10	Mean change of rate f .4° F.	80 00000000000000000000000000000000000
	Mean variation of dail ± .eter	8 01-000 8 01-00000000000000000000000000000000000
	Dial down.	1
re.	.qu laiQ	8 41-03804-1800001-0940 8 15-19 81-
Mean daily rate.	Pendant left.	86.65. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Iean d	Pendant right.	8 0-1-000000-1-000004-20-1-000000000000000
A		
	Pendant up.	7
	Balance spring, escapement, &c.	Single overcoll, g.b., "tourbillon" chronometer Single overcoll, s.r., fase Single overcoll, s.r., fase Single overcoll, s.r., g.b. entre seconds. Single overcoll, s.r., g.b. entre seconds. Single overcoll, d.r., g.b. centre seconds. Single overcoll, d.r., g.b. centre seconds. Single overcoll, d.r., g.b. centre seconds. Single overcoll, d.r., g.b. Single overcoll, d.r., g.b. Single overcoll, d.r., g.b. Single overcoll, s.r., g.b. Single overcoll, d.r., g.b. centre seconds. Single overcoll, s.r., g.b. centre seconds. Single overcoll, s.r., g.b. centre seconds. Single overcoll, s.r., g.r., centre seconds. Single overcoll, s.r., g.r., centre seconds.
	Number of watch.	103018 103018 103018 95465 95465 95465 95776 9777 9777 9777 9777 9568 9568 9568 9568 9577 1030 1030 1030 1030 1030 1030 1030 10
-	Watch deposited by	Baume & Co., London

In the above List, the following abbreviations are used, viz :--s.r. for single roller; d.r. for double roller; g.b. for going barrel; + for gaining rate; -- for losing rate.

APPENDIX III.—Table II.

Highest Marks obtained by Complicated Watches during the year.

Description of watch. Number: Received from: Variaris awarded for tion. Temperators between the chronograph, minute repeater, and permitte repeater. S. Smith and Son, London 19·8 34.2 14·7 68·7)						
Number. Received from. Variation. Position. Temperature. 24987 S. Smith and Son, London 19.8 34.2 14.7 14492 H. Golay, London 22.1 33.2 6.7 52696 A. E. Fridlander, Coventry 24.9 32.9 16.1 4212 H. Golay, London 24.9 32.9 16.1 3001 Baume and Co., London 28.4 32.9 16.1 3001 Baume and Co., London 28.4 32.9 16.1 10950 Klaftenberger, London 28.2 36.8 15.7 28106 H. Golay, London 26.5 36.8 16.4 28106 Klaftenberger, London 26.5 36.8 16.4 28106 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 25.9 33.4 14.1 26768 Jos. Player, Coventry 22.7 37.0 13.1 28259 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 22.7 29.6 34.0 6.0 82259 A. E. Fridlande				Ma	rks awarded	for	Total
24987 S. Smith and Son, London 19·8 34·2 14·7 14492 H. Golay, London 22·1 33·2 6·7 52696 A. E. Fridlander, Coventry 24·9 30·6 18·3 4212 H. Golay, London 24·9 30·6 18·3 02013 S. Smith and Son, London 25·4 34·4 15·7 13392 H. Golay, London 25·4 34·4 15·7 13392 H. Golay, London 25·4 34·4 15·7 28106 Klaftenberger, London 26·5 35·2 144·1 28106 Usher and Cole, London 26·5 35·2 144·1 26768 Aotherham and Sons, Coventry 26·5 30·7 278 Sotherham and Sons, Coventry 20·5 29·6 18·4		Number.	Received from.	Varia- tion.	Position.	Tempera- ture.	marks, 0—100.
52696 A. E. Fridlander, Coventry 30.6 33.7 14.1 1979 A. Vuille, Chaux-de-Fonds 24.9 30.6 18.3 4212 A. Vuille, Chaux-de-Fonds 24.9 32.9 16.1 3001 Baume and Co., London 28.4 32.6 16.3 3001 S. Smith and Son, London 25.4 34.4 15.7 13392 H. Golay, London 27.8 32.0 14.5 10950 Klaftenberger, London 26.5 36.8 15.7 28106 Usher and Cole, London 26.5 36.8 15.7 28106 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 25.2 36.7 18.4 26768 Jos. Player, Coventry 22.7 37.0 13.1 26768 Jos. Player, Coventry 22.7 29.6 18.4 26768 A. E. Fridlander, Coventry 28.6 34.0 6.0 82259 A. E. Fridlander, Coventry 28.6 34.0 6.0 82782 A. E. Fridlander, Co	Minute chronograph, minute repeater, and perpetual calendar with moon's phases	24987	S. Smith and Son, London	19.8	84.2	14.7	2.89
52696 A. E. Fridlander, Coventry 30·6 33·7 14·1 1979 A. Vuille, Chaux-de-Fonds 24·9 30·6 18·3 3001 Baume and Co., London 28·4 32·6 16·1 3001 S. Smith and Son, London 25·4 34·4 15·7 13392 H. Golay, London 27·8 34·4 15·7 18392 Klaftenberger, London 28·2 36·8 15·7 28106 Usher and Cole, London 26·5 36·8 15·7 28106 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 25·2 30·7 18·4 26768 Jos. Player, Coventry 22·7 37·0 13·1 26489 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 22·7 37·0 13·3 82259 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 22·7 29·6 18·3 82259 A. E. Fridlander, Coventry 28·6 6·0 6·0 17166 G. Oram and Son, London 19·6 6·0 6·0	Minute and split seconds chronograph, and minute repeater	14492	H. Golay, London	22.1	33 .5	4.9	62.0
3001 Baume and Co., London 28.4 32.6 16.3 02013 S. Smith and Son, London 27.8 34.4 15.7 13392 H. Golay, London 27.8 32.0 14.5 10950 Klaftenberger, London 28.2 36.8 15.7 28106 Usher and Cole, London 26.5 35.2 16.4 11437 Alf. M. Jacobs & Co., London 25.2 30.7 18.4 97866 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 25.9 33.4 14.1 26768 Jos. Player, Coventry 22.7 37.0 13.1 92489 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 20.5 29.6 13.3 82259 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 24.2 29.6 16.7 82782 A. E. Fridlander, Coventry 28.6 34.0 6.0 17166 G. Oram and Son, London 19.6 6.0	Minute and seconds chronograph and minute repeater,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	52696 1979 4212	A. E. Fridlander, Coventry A. Vuille, Chaux-de-Fonds H. Golay, London	30 ·6 24 ·9 24 ·0	33.7 30.6 32.9	14·1 18·3 16·1	78.4 73.8 73.0
10950 Klaftenberger, London 28.2 36.8 15.7 28106 Usher and Cole, London 26.5 35.2 16.4 11437 Alf. M. Jacobs & Co., London 25.2 30.7 18.4 97866 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 25.9 33.4 14.1 26768 Jos. Player, Coventry 22.7 37.0 13.1 92489 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 20.5 29.6 13.3 82259 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 24.2 29.5 16.7 52782 A. E. Fridlander, Coventry 28.6 34.0 6.0 17166 G. Oram and Son, London 19.6 35.8 12.5	:::	3001 02013 13392	Baume and Co., London S. Smith and Son, London H. Golay, London		32.6 34.4 32.0	16·3 15·7 14·5	77.3
97866 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 25.9 33.4 14·1 26768 Jos. Player, Coventry 22·7 37·0 13·1 92489 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 20·5 29·6 13·3 82259 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 24·2 29·5 16·7 52782 A. E. Fridlander, Coventry 28·6 34·0 6·0 17166 G. Oram and Son, London 19·6 35·8 12·5		10950 28106 11437	Klaftenberger, London Usher and Cole, London Alf. M. Jacobs & Co., London	28.2 26.5 25.2	36·8 35·2 30·7	15.7 16.4 18.4	80 · 7 78 · 1 74 · 3
82259 Rotherham and Sons, Coventry 24.2 29.5 16.7 52782 A. B. Fridlander, Coventry 19.6 6.0 34.0 6.0 17166 G. Oram and Son, London 19.6 35.8 12.5		97866 26768 92489	Rotherham and Sons, Coventry Jos. Player, Coventry Acherham and Sons, Coventry	25 :9 22 :7 20 :5	33.4 37.0 29.6	14·1 13·1 13·3	73.4 72.8 63.4
	:::	82259 52782 17166	Rotherham and Sons, Coventry A. E. Fridlander, Coventry G. Oram and Son, London	24.2 28.6 19.6	29.5 34.0 35.8	16.7 6.0 12.5	70.4 68.6 67.9